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HUBUNGAN PERILAKU CARING PERAWAT DENGAN KENYAMANAN ANAK YANG MENJALANI KEMOTERAPI DI RUANG RAWAT INAP RSUP DR. MOHAMMAD HOESIN PALEMBANG

ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang: Anak dengan kanker menghadapi stres fisik dan emosional yang tinggi, sehingga membutuhkan perilaku caring perawat. Perilaku caring perawat merupakan aspek penting dalam praktik keperawatan yang berperan besar terhadap kenyamanan anak penderita kanker selama menjalani kemoterapi. Tujuan: Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menganalisis hubungan antara perilaku caring perawat dengan tingkat kenyamanan anak penderita kanker yang menjalani kemoterapi di RSUP Dr. Mohammad Hoesin Palembang.
Metode: Penelitian ini menggunakan desain kuantitatif dengan pendekatan cross-sectional. Populasi penelitian adalah anak penderita kanker yang menjalani kemoterapi di ruang perawatan onkologi anak. Data dikumpulkan menggunakan kuesioner perilaku caring perawat dan kuesioner kenyamanan anak yang telah diuji validitas dan reliabilitasnya. Analisis data dilakukan menggunakan uji korelasi Pearson dengan tingkat signifikansi 0,05.
Hasil: Hasil penelitian menunjukkan sebagian besar responden menilai perilaku caring dalam kategori sangat baik, yaitu 22 anak (55%). Sebagian besar responden berada pada kategori nyaman, yaitu 22 anak (55%). Terdapat hubungan antara perilaku caring perawat dengan kenyamanan anak selama menjalani kemoterapi di RSUP Dr. Mohammad Hoesin Palembang, nilai p 0,001<0,05.
Simpulan: Perilaku caring perawat berperan penting dalam menciptakan kenyamanan fisik dan psikologis anak selama proses kemoterapi. Disarankan agar rumah sakit memperkuat pelatihan komunikasi terapeutik dan pendekatan humanistik bagi perawat guna meningkatkan mutu pelayanan keperawatan onkologi anak.

Kata kunci: perilaku caring, kenyamanan anak, kemoterapi, kanker anak, keperawatan onkologi

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THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN NURSES' CARING BEHAVIOR AND THE COMFORT OF CHILDREN UNDERGOING CHEMOTHERAPY IN THE INPATIENT WARD OF DR. MOHAMMAD HOESIN GENERAL HOSPITAL, PALEMBANG

ABSTRACT

Background: Children with cancer experience substantial physical and emotional stress, thereby requiring caring behaviors from nurses. Nurses' caring behavior is a crucial aspect of nursing practice and plays a significant role in enhancing the comfort of children with cancer during chemotherapy. Objective: This study aimed to analyze the relationship between nurses' caring behavior and the level of comfort among children with cancer undergoing chemotherapy at Dr. Mohammad Hoesin General Hospital, Palembang.
Methods: This study employed a quantitative design with a cross-sectional approach. The study population consisted of children with cancer undergoing chemotherapy in the pediatric oncology ward. Data were collected using a nurses' caring behavior questionnaire and a child comfort questionnaire, both of which had been tested for validity and reliability. Data analysis was performed using the Pearson correlation test with a significance level of 0.05.
Results: The findings showed that the majority of respondents assessed caring behavior in the very good category, totaling 22 children (55%). Most respondents were in the comfortable category, also totaling 22 children (55%). There was a significant relationship between nurses' caring behavior and children's comfort during chemotherapy at Dr. Mohammad Hoesin General Hospital Palembang, with a p-value of 0.001 (< 0.05).
Conclusion: Nurses' caring behavior plays an essential role in promoting both physical and psychological comfort in children during chemotherapy. It is recommended that hospitals strengthen training in therapeutic communication and humanistic approaches for nurses to improve the quality of pediatric oncology nursing care.

Keywords: caring behavior, child comfort, chemotherapy, childhood cancer, oncology nursing