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Gambaran Pengetahuan Ibu Tentang Imunisasi Dasar Lengkap Pada Bayi Usia 0-12 Bulan Di Wilayah Kerja Uptd Pimping

ABSTRAK

Imunisasi dasar lengkap merupakan upaya penting dalam mencegah penyakit menular dan menurunkan angka kematian bayi. Namun, cakupan imunisasi masih belum merata, salah satunya dipengaruhi oleh tingkat pengetahuan ibu. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menggambarkan karakteristik ibu dan pengetahuan mereka tentang imunisasi dasar lengkap pada bayi usia 0–12 bulan di wilayah kerja UPTD Puskesmas Pimping. Penelitian ini menggunakan metode deskriptif kuantitatif dengan desain survei. Sampel berjumlah 95 responden, yang dipilih menggunakan teknik total sampling. Penelitian dilaksanakan pada bulan juni 2025. Pengumpulan data dilakukan menggunakan kuesioner tertutup yang mencakup aspek pengertian, manfaat, jenis, jadwal, efek samping, dan mitos imunisasi dasar. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa sebagian besar ibu memiliki pendidikan SD (33,7%) dan berstatus sebagai ibu rumah tangga (41,1%). Mayoritas berada pada usia 20–35 tahun (42,1%), serta memperoleh informasi imunisasi dari petugas kesehatan (37,9%) dan media sosial (35,8%). Tingkat pengetahuan ibu tergolong tinggi sebesar 65,3%, sedang 23,2%, dan rendah 11,6%. Meski pengetahuan dasar cukup baik, masih ditemukan miskonsepsi terkait efek samping dan mitos imunisasi.

Disimpulkan bahwa karakteristik usia, pendidikan, dan sumber informasi berperan dalam membentuk tingkat pengetahuan ibu tentang imunisasi. Diperlukan edukasi yang lebih terarah dan konsisten, khususnya melalui posyandu dan media digital, guna meningkatkan pemahaman yang benar dan merata di masyarakat.

Kata kunci : *Pengetahuan Ibu, Imunisasi Dasar, Bayi 0-12 Bulan*

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Overview of Mothers' Knowledge About Basic Immunization in Infants Aged 0–12 Months in the Working Area of UPTD Pimping

ABSTRACT

Complete basic immunization is a crucial effort in preventing infectious diseases and reducing infant mortality rates. However, immunization coverage remains uneven, partly due to the level of maternal knowledge. This study aims to describe the characteristics of mothers and their knowledge regarding complete basic immunization for infants aged 0–12 months in the working area of UPTD Puskesmas Pimping. A descriptive quantitative method with a survey design was used. The sample consisted of 95 respondents selected through total sampling. The study was conducted in June 2025. Data were collected using a structured questionnaire covering aspects such as definition, benefits, types, schedule, side effects, and myths related to basic immunization. The results showed that most mothers had elementary-level education (33.7%) and were housewives (41.1%). The majority were aged 20–35 years (42.1%) and received immunization information primarily from healthcare workers (37.9%) and social media (35.8%). In terms of knowledge, 65.3% of mothers had a high level of knowledge, 23.2% moderate, and 11.6% low. Although the overall knowledge level was fairly good, misconceptions still existed, particularly regarding side effects and immunization myths. It can be concluded that maternal age, education, and sources of information significantly influence knowledge levels about immunization. More targeted and consistent educational efforts, particularly through community health posts (posyandu) and digital media, are needed to enhance accurate and equitable understanding across the community.

Keywords: *Maternal Knowledge, Basic Immunization, Infants Aged 0–12 Months*