

ABSTRACT

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OVERVIEW OF BREASTFEEDING BEHAVIOR CHARACTERISTICS IN POSTPARTUM MOTHERS AT PMB ANA WAHYUDI AND ANA SPA BALIKPAPAN

ABSTRACT

Background: Breastfeeding is the process of providing milk to infants or young children with Mother's Milk (ASI) from the mother's breast. Proper breastfeeding technique involves giving breast milk to the baby with correct attachment and positioning of the mother and baby. This research involved a preliminary study by interviewing 30 postpartum mothers who gave birth at PMB Ana Wahyudi. The interview results showed that out of the total respondents, 50% of postpartum mothers breastfed their babies from birth, while the remaining 50% did not breastfeed due to reasons such as insufficient breast milk and difficulty in proper breastfeeding techniques, resulting in nipple problems. This research aims to understand the characteristics of breastfeeding behavior in postpartum mothers at PMB Ana Wahyu and Ana SPA Balikpapan in 2023.

Method: The research design is quantitative, using descriptive design and cross-sectional approach. The population in this study is 30 postpartum mothers who gave birth at PMB Ana Wahyudi. Sampling was done using the total sampling method.

Results: Based on the research results, the characteristics of postpartum mothers based on age showed that almost all respondents were aged 20-35 years, with 16 respondents (53.3%). Based on parity, almost all respondents were primiparous with 16 respondents (53.3%). Regarding education, almost all respondents had education up to junior high school and high school, with 25 respondents (83.3%). The knowledge of postpartum mothers showed that almost all respondents had sufficient knowledge, with 18 respondents (60%). The attitude of postpartum mothers towards breastfeeding showed that almost all respondents had a negative attitude, with 21 respondents (70%). The behavior of postpartum mothers towards breastfeeding showed that almost all respondents behaved well, with 19 respondents (63.3%).

Conclusion: The behavior of postpartum mothers towards breastfeeding is characterized by a mix of negative and positive attitudes. This research is expected to provide and improve information in healthcare services to support and motivate mothers in implementing breastfeeding practices.

Keywords: characteristics, behavior, attitude, postpartum mothers, breastfeeding

ABSTRAK

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GAMBARAN KARAKTERISTIK PERILAKU MENYUSUI PADA IBU NIFAS DI PMB ANA WAHYUDI DAN ANA SPA BALIKPAPAN

ABTRAK

Latar Belakang: Menyusui adalah proses pemberian susu kepada bayi atau anak kecil dengan Air susu Ibu (ASI) dari payudara ibu .Teknik menyusui yang benar adalah cara memberikan ASI kepada bayi dengan perlekatan dan posisi ibu dan bayi dengan benar. Penelitian ini melibatkan studi pendahuluan dengan mewawancara 30 ibu nifas yang melahirkan di PMB Ana Wahyudi. Hasil wawancara menunjukkan bahwa dari total responden, 50% ibu nifas memberikan ASI sejak bayinya lahir, sedangkan 50% lainnya tidak menyusui karena alasan ASI belum keluar dan kesulitan dalam teknik menyusui yang benar, mengakibatkan masalah putting lecet.. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui gambaran karakteristik perilaku menyusui pada ibu nifas di PMB Ana Wahyu dan Ana SPA Balikpapan Tahun 2023

Metode: Desain penelitian ini adalah kuantitatif dengan menggunakan desain deskriptif. Populasi dalam penelitian ini adalah 30 orang ibu nifas yang bersalin di PMB Ana Wahyudi. Pengambilan sampel menggunakan metode total sampling. Instrument penelitian yang digunakan adalah kuesioner dan analisa data univariat.

Hasil: Berdasarkan hasil penelitian bahwa karakteristik ibu nifas berdasarkan usia hampir seluruh responden berusia 20-35 tahun sebanyak 16 responden (53,3%), berdasarkan paritas, hampir seluruh responden dengan paritas primipara sebanyak 16 responden (53,3%), dan berdasarkan pendidikan, hampir seluruh responden berpendidikan SMP dan SMA sebanyak 25 responden (83,3%). pengetahuan ibu nifas hampir seluruh responden berpengetahuan cukup 18 responden (60%), sikap ibu nifas terhadap menyusui hampir seluruh responden bersikap negative yaitu sebanyak 21 responden (70%), perilaku ibu nifas terhadap menyusui hampir seluruh responden berperilaku baik sebanyak 19 responden (63,3%).

Simpulan: Perilaku ibu nifas terhadap menyusui hampir seluruh responden bersikap negative dan berperilaku baik, Diharapkan penelitian ini dapat memberikan dan meningkatkan informasi dalam pelayanan Kesehatan untuk mendukung dan memotivasi ibu dalam pelaksanaan praktik menyusui

Kata Kunci: karakteristik, perilaku, sikap, ibu nifas, menyusui