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**“ANALISIS FAKTOR DETERMINAN PENYEBAB IBU BERSALIN
MENGALAMI KETUBAN PECAH DINI DI RSUD DR GUNAWAN
MANGUNKUSUMO”**

ABSTRAK

Ketuban pecah dini (KPD) merupakan salah satu masalah penting dalam bidang obstetri yang dapat menyebabkan terjadinya infeksi pada ibu dan bayi serta dapat meningkatkan kesakitan dan kematian pada ibu dan bayi. Adapun faktor risiko dari ketuban pecah dini adalah umur, paritas, usia kehamilan, kehamilan ganda, infeksi urogenital, kelainan letak, trauma kehamilan, dan anemia zat besi. Tujuan penelitian ini yakni untuk menganalisis faktor determinan penyebab ibu bersalin mengalami ketuban pecah dini di RSUD dr. Gunawan Mangunkusumo.

Penelitian menggunakan desain penelitian analitik. Pengambilan data dilakukan secara *retrospektif*. Dengan laporan catatan pengobatan dan catatan rekam medik sampel dalam penelitian ini sejumlah 172. Uji statistik yang digunakan yakni chi square dan uji regresi logistik.

Berdasarkan penelitian, hasil uji regresi logistik diperoleh koefisien Exp(B) diketahui bahwa variabel yang paling berhubungan dengan kejadian ketuban pecah dini pada ibu bersalin di RSUD dr. Gunawan Mangunkusumo adalah yang pertama infeksi urogenital (0.291), kedua yakni usia kehamilan (0.200), dan terakhir yakni usia (0.139).

Berdasarkan penelitian ini, diharapkan penelitian terkait faktor-faktor yang berhubungan dengan kejadian ketuban pecah dini di pelayanan kesehatan dapat dijadikan referensi pendidikan kesehatan saat ANC.

Kata Kunci : Faktor determinan, Ibu bersalin, KPD

Kepustakaan : 37

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**"ANALYSIS OF THE DETERMINANTS OF THE CAUSES OF
PREMATURE RUPTURE OF MEMBRANES FOR WOMEN IN LABOR AT
DR GUNAWAN MANGUNKUSUMO HOSPITAL"**

ABSTRACT

Premature rupture of membranes (PROM) is an important problem in the field of obstetrics which can cause infection in mothers and babies and can increase morbidity and mortality in mothers and babies. The risk factors for premature rupture of membranes are age, parity, gestational age, multiple pregnancies, urogenital infections, malformations, pregnancy trauma, and iron anemia. The purpose of this study is to analyze the determinant factors that cause mothers to experience premature rupture of membranes at Dr. Gunawan Mangunkusumo General Hospital records and medical record records. The sample in this study was 172. The statistical tests used were chi square and logistic regression tests.

Based on the research, the results of the logistic regression test obtained the coefficient Exp(B) is known that the variable most related to the incidence of premature rupture of membranes in women giving birth at RSUD dr. Gunawan Mangunkusumo is the first urogenital infection (0.291), the second is gestational age (0.200), and the last is age (0.139).

Based on this research, it is hoped that research related to factors related to the incidence of premature rupture of membranes in health services can be used as a reference for health education during ANC.

Keywords : Determinant Factor, Mother Labour, PROM.

Bibliographies : 37