

**Universitas Ngudi Waluyo**  
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**Skripsi, Agustus 2023**  
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**GAMBARAN PELAKSANAAN SKRINING DIABETES  
DI WILAYAH KERJA PUSKESMAS DHARMARINI  
KABUPATEN TEMANGGUNG  
ABSTRAK**

**Latar belakang:** Skrining kesehatan adalah secondary prevention yang merupakan langkah awal untuk menilai tingkat risiko seseorang terhadap penyakit dan intervensi pencegahan di tingkat masyarakat. Penelitian ini untuk memperoleh gambaran dalam pelaksanaan skrining kesehatan diabetes pada populasi umum di wilayah kerja Puskesmas Dharmarini.

**Tujuan:** Mengetahui gambaran bagaimana pelaksanaan skrining diabetes di wilayah kerja Puskesmas Dharmarini

**Metode:** Dalam penelitian metode kuantitatif ini, peserta yang tidak menderita diabetes direkrut dari populasi umum. Fase kuantitatif ( $n = 379$ ) mencakup survei tatap muka terhadap peserta yang datang melalui pengambilan sampel secara insidentil.

**Hasil:** Di antara responden survei, 32,2% ( $n = 122$ ) telah melaksanakan skrining kesehatan diabetes dalam 2 tahun terakhir, sementara 67,8% ( $n = 257$ ) tidak melaksanakan skrining kesehatan secara rutin. Proporsi umur tidak berpengaruh secara signifikan(kurang dari 45 tahun; 81,8% vs lebih dari 45 tahun 18,2%). Hasil skoring dengan menggunakan Findrisc tool versi Indonesia memberikan gambaran tingkat risiko diabetes responden rendah sebanyak 49,6%, cukup rendah 38,2 %, sedang 8,2%,tinggi 3,1% dan sangat tinggi 0,9%.

**Saran:** Dengan memanfaatkan Findrisc tool versi Indonesia dalam skrining faktor risiko diabetes dapat memberikan gambaran tingkat dan faktor risiko responden terhadap diabetes dalam 10 tahun mendatang.

**Kata kunci:** Skrining Diabetes, skoring Findrisc tool versi Indonesia, kuantitatif

**Kepustakaan:**

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**DESCRIPTION OF DIABETES SCREENING  
IN THE WORKING AREA OF THE DHARMARINI HEALTH CENTER  
TEMANGGUNG DISTRICT**

**ABSTRACT**

**Background:** Health screening is a secondary prevention that is the first step to assess a person's level of risk for disease and preventive interventions at the community level. This study overviewed the implementation of diabetes health screening in the general population in the working area of Dharmarini Health Center.

**Objective:** Knowing the description of how is the implementation of diabetes screening in the Dharmarini Health Center working area.

**Method:** In this quantitative methods study, participants without diabetes were recruited from the general population. The quantitative phase ( $n = 379$ ) included a face-to-face survey of participants who came through incidental sampling.

**Result:** Among the survey respondents, 32.2% ( $n = 122$ ) had undergone diabetes health screening in the past 2 years, while 67.8% ( $n = 257$ ) had not undergone routine health screening. Age proportion did not have a significant effect (less than 45 years; 81.8% vs. more than 45 years 18.2%). Scoring results using the Findrisc tool Indonesian version illustrates the level of diabetes risk of respondents low as much as 49.6%, quite low 38.2%, moderate 8.2%, high 3.1% and very high 0.9%.

**Suggestion:** Utilizing the Indonesian version of the Findrisc tool in screening for diabetes risk factors can provide an overview of the level and risk factors of respondents for diabetes in the next 10 years.

**Keywords:** Diabetes screening, Findrisc tool Indonesia Version scoring, quantitative

**Kepustakaan:**