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HUBUNGAN USIA IBU DAN PARITAS DENGAN KUNJUNGAN *ANTENATAL CARE* (ANC) PADA IBU HAMIL DI PUSKESMAS JETAK

ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang: Berdasarkan e-Monev Pemulihan Pelayanan KIA dan KB akibat wabah Covid-19 tampak beberapa pelayanan yang terdampak, diantaranya: capaian kunjungan ibu hamil, bersalin di faskes, kunjungan neonatal lengkap, pemantauan tumbuh kembang balita, pemberian imunisasi dasar sempurna, AKI dan pencetusnya, juga parameter KB yang dianalisis oleh Pusat Kebijakan dan Manajemen Kesehatan FK-KMK UGM di kabupaten/kota. Dari hasil studi pendahuluan yang telah dilakukan juga menunjukkan bahwa hanya terdapat 81% ibu hamil yang melakukan kunjungan sesuai standar dan masih terdapat 19% ibu hamil yang melakukan kunjungan tidak sesuai standar. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui hubungan usia ibu dan paritas dengan kunjungan ibu hamil di Puskesmas Jetak

Metode: Jenis penelitian ini menggunakan metode kuantitatif analitik. Dimana penelitian ini dilakukan dengan data numerik yang bertujuan untuk mengetahui gambaran mengenai usia dan paritas yang berhubungan dengan kunjungan ibu hamil di Puskesmas Jetak dengan menggunakan metode *cross sectional*.

Hasil: Pada analisis univariat didapati 73(85,9%) ibu dengan usia tidak beresiko dan 12 (14,1%) ibu dengan usia resiko. Ibu primipara 36(42,4%), ibu multipara 42 (49,4%), dan ibu grandemultipara 7 (8,2%). Pada analisis bivariat menunjukkan tidak ada hubungan yang signifikan antara usia ibu dengan kunjungan *antenatal care* pada ibu hamil di Puskesmas Jetak (p value 0,213 > 0,05) dan ada hubungan yang signifikan antara paritas ibu dengan kunjungan *antenatal care* pada ibu hamil di Puskesmas Jetak (p value 0,000 > 0,05).

Kesimpulan: berdasarkan hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa tidak adanya hubungan antara usia dengan kunjungan *antenatal care* sedangkan pada hasil paritas menunjukkan adanya hubungan antara paritas dengan kunjungan *antenatal care* yang dilakukan ibu hamil di Puskesmas Jetak.

Saran: Dengan adanya penelitian ini, diharapkan penelitian ini bisa dijadikan bahan referensi untuk peneliti selanjutnya agar dapat lebih mengembangkan penelitian yang akan dilakukan terutama dalam mencari variabel bebas lainnya mengenai masalah kunjungan *antenatal care* di tempat lainnya.

Kata Kunci : Usia Ibu, Paritas, Kunjungan ANC

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**RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN AGE AND PARITY WITH ANTENATAL CARE (ANC)
VISITS FOR PREGNANT WOMEN AT JETAK HEALTH CENTER**
ABSTRACT

Background: Based on the e-Monev for the Recovery of MCH and Family Planning Services due to the Covid-19 outbreak, it appears that several services have been affected, including: achievement of visits for pregnant women, delivery at health facilities, complete neonatal visits, monitoring of toddler growth and development, provision of perfect basic immunization, MMR and originators, as well as family planning parameters analyzed by the Center for Health Policy and Management FK-KMK UGM in districts/cities. From the results of the preliminary study that has been carried out also shows that there are only 81% of pregnant women who make visits according to standards and there are still 19% of pregnant women who make visits not according to standards. The purpose of this study was to determine the relationship between maternal age and parity with visits by pregnant women at the Jetak Health Center

Method: This type of research uses an analytical quantitative method. Where this research was carried out with numerical data which aims to get an overview of age and parity associated with visits of pregnant women at the Jetak Health Center using a cross sectional method.

Results: In univariate analysis, there were 73 (85.9%) mothers with age not at risk and 12 (14.1%) mothers with age at risk. Primiparous mothers 36 (42.4%), multiparous mothers 42 (49.4%), and grandemultiparous mothers 7 (8.2%). The bivariate analysis showed that there was no significant relationship between maternal age and antenatal care visits for pregnant women at the Jetak Health Center (p value $0.213 > 0.05$) and there was a significant relationship between maternal parity and antenatal care visits for pregnant women at the Jetak Health Center (p -value $0.000 > 0.05$).

Conclusion: based on the results of this study, it shows that there is no relationship between age and antenatal care visits, while the parity results show a relationship between parity and antenatal care visits by pregnant women at the Jetak Health Center.

Suggestion: With this research, it is hoped that this research can be used as reference material for future researchers so that they can further develop the research that will be carried out, especially in looking for other independent variables regarding the problem of antenatal care visits in other places.

Keywords: Maternal Age, Parity, ANC Visits