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**HUBUNGAN PELAKSANAAN ASUHAN SAYANG IBU DENGAN LAMANYA
KALA II PADA IBU BERSALIN DI KELURAHAN 26 ILIR KOTA PALEMBANG
TAHUN 2021**
(xiv + 34 Halaman + 10 + Gambar + 10 Lampiran)

ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang : Asuhan sayang ibu adalah asuhan yang sangat berpengaruh terhadap proses persalinan. Asuhan sayang ibu diberikan kepada ibu bersalin dimulai sejak kala I sampai kala IV. Jika para ibu diperhatikan dan diberikan dukungan selama proses persalinan dan kelahiran bayi maka persalinan akan berjalan dengan normal. PMB Fauziah hatta Kota Palembang dan PMB CH Mala yang terdapat di kelurahan 26 ilir kota Palembang pada bulan Januari tahun 2022 sejumlah 30 orang bersalin mengalami persalinan tanpa asuhan sayang ibu seperti persalinan yang tidak didampingi suami dan ibu merasa cemas,takut dan khawatir.

Metode : Penelitian ini menggunakan desain studi cross sectional. Sampel dalam penelitian ini adalah seluruh Ibu bersalin sebanyak 30 responden. Pengambilan sampel menggunakan teknik total sampling. Analisis data dilakukan secara univariat dan bivariat dengan menggunakan uji statistik chi square.

Hasil : Didapatkan dari 30 responden yang melakukan asuhan sayang ibu dengan kategori sesuai dan mengalami persalinan tidak lama sebanyak 21 ibu (91,3%) dan yang mengalami persalinan lama sebanyak 2 ibu (8,7%) sedangkan ibu dengan asuhan sayang ibu dengan kategori tidak sesuai yang mengalami lama persalinan normal sebanyak 3 orang (42,9%) dan 4 ibu (67,1%) dengan persalinan lama. Hasil uji statistik di peroleh nilai p value 0.016 (p value $< 0,05$), artinya ada hubungan antara asuhan sayang ibu dengan lama persalinan

Simpulan : Ada hubungan bermakna antara pelaksanaan asuhan sayang ibu dengan lamanya kala II pada ibu bersalin di kelurahan 26 ilir Kota Palembang.

Kata Kunci : Ibu Bersalin, Asuhan Sayang Ibu, Palembang
Kepustakaan : 25 (2015-2018)

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THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE IMPLEMENTATION OF MATERNAL CARE AND THE DURATION OF STAGE II IN MATERNITY MOTHERS IN THE 26 ILIR URBAN VILLAGE OF PALEMBANG CITY IN 2021
(xiv + 34 Pages + 10 + Figure + 10 Attachments)

ABSTRACT

Background : Maternal compassionate care is care that greatly influences the labor process. Maternal compassionate care is given to laboring mothers starting from time I to time IV. If mothers are cared for and given support during the process of labor and birth of a baby then labor will proceed normally. PMB Fauziah Hatta Palembang City and PMB CH Mala in the village of 26 ilir Palembang city in January 2022 a total of 30 people in labor experienced labor without maternal care such as labor that was not accompanied by a husband and the mother felt anxious, afraid and worried.

Methods : This study uses a cross sectional study design. The sample in this study were all maternity mothers as many as 30 respondents. Sampling using total sampling technique. Data analysis was performed univariate and bivariate using chi square statistical test.

Results : It was obtained from 30 respondents who performed maternal care in the appropriate category and experienced labor not long as many as 21 mothers (91.3%) and who experienced long labor as many as 2 mothers (8.7%) while mothers with maternal care in the inappropriate category who experienced normal labor length as many as 3 people (42.9%) and 4 mothers (67.1%) with long labor. The statistical test results obtained a p value of 0.016 (p value <0.05), meaning that there is a relationship between maternal care and length of labor.

Conclusion : There is a significant relationship between the implementation of maternal care and the duration of the second stage of labor in laboring maternity mothers in the 26 ilir urban village of Palembang City.

Keywords : Maternity, Maternal Compassion, Palembang
Literature : 25 (2015-2018)