

Universitas Ngudi Waluyo

Program Studi Sarjana Kebidanan , Fakultas Kesehatan

Skripsi, Juli 2022

Munasifah

Hapsari Windayanti, 0628018401

Gambaran Tingkat Pengetahuan Ibu Hamil Tentang Antenatal Care Di Puskesmas Banyubiru Kabupaten Semarang Tahun 2022

ABSTRAK

Latar belakang : Permasalahan yang terjadi di Puskesmas Banyubiru Kabupaten Semarang bahwa masih ada ibu hamil yang belum mengetahui secara penuh tentang Antenatal Care, yang mempengaruhi cakupan ANC belum tercapai di Puskesmas Banyubiru yaitu bulan Juli dan Agustus 2021 sebanyak 632 sasaran ibu hamil dengan target capaian bulan Juli K1 58,3%, K4 58,3% dan K6 58,3%. Pada bulan Juli sebanyak 335 sasaran ibu hamil dengan capaian pada K1 53%, K4 50,6% dan K6 42,1% , dan pada bulan Agustus sebanyak 388 sasaran ibu hamil dengan target capaian K1 66,6, K4 66,6%, dan K6 66,6%. Pada bulan Agustus capaian pada K1 61,4%, K4 58,4% dan K6 22,3%. Adapun dampak jika tidak melakukan pemeriksaan antenatal care akan meningkatkan ibu hamil dengan resiko tinggi disebabkan kurangnya skrining awal untuk penapisan resiko kehamilan

Tujuan Penelitian : Untuk menggambarkan tingkat pengetahuan ibu hamil tentang pengertian, tujuan, manfaat, standar pelayanan, serta jadwal kunjungan antenatal care.

Metode : Penelitian ini menggunakan desain penelitian deskriptif kuantitatif, jumlah sampel 35 responden dengan menggunakan teknik pengambilan sampel menggunakan *Simple Random Sampling* dengan jenis *Stratified Random Sampling* Instrumen penelitian menggunakan kuesioner.

Hasil : Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa pengetahuan ibu hamil tentang antenatal care di Puskesmas Banyubiru Kabupaten Semarang termasuk kategori cukup 48,6 % , dengan pengetahuan baik 25,7% dan 25,7% dengan tingkat pengetahuan kurang.

Kesimpulan : Berdasarkan hasil penelitian dapat disimpulkan bahwa pengetahuan ibu hamil tentang pengertian antenatal care mayoritas baik sebanyak 77,1%. Pengetahuan ibu hamil tentang tujuan antenatal care mayoritas kurang sebanyak 51,4%. Pengetahuan ibu hamil tentang manfaat antenatal care mayoritas kurang sebanyak 57,1%. Pengetahuan ibu hamil tentang standar pelayanan antenatal care mayoritas cukup sebanyak 42,9 % . Pengetahuan ibu hamil tentang kunjungan antenatal care mayoritas kurang sebanyak 80 %.

Kata kunci : Pengetahuan, antenatal care

Universitas Ngudi Waluyo

Program Studi Sarjana Kebidanan , Fakultas Kesehatan

Skripsi, Juli 2022

Munasifah

Hapsari Windayanti, 0628018401

An overview of the level of knowledge of pregnant women about antenatal care at the Banyubiru Health Center, Semarang Regency in 2022

ABSTRACT

Background: The problem that occurs at the Banyubiru Health Center, Semarang Regency is that there are still pregnant women who do not fully know about Antenatal Care, which affects the ANC coverage that has not been achieved at the Banyubiru Health Center, namely in July and August 2021 as many as 632 pregnant women target with an achievement target in July K1 58, 3%, K4 58.3% and K6 58.3%. In July there were 335 targets for pregnant women with achievements in K1 53%, K4 50.6% and K6 42.1%, and in August there were 388 targets for pregnant women with K1 66.6, K4 66.6%, and K6 66.6%. In August, the performance in K1 was 61.4%, K4 58.4% and K6 22.3%. The impact of not doing antenatal care checks will increase pregnant women with high risk due to lack of initial screening for screening pregnancy risks

Research Objectives: To describe the level of knowledge of pregnant women about the meaning, purpose, benefits, service standards, and schedule of antenatal care visits.

Methods: This study uses a quantitative descriptive research design, the number of samples is 35 respondents using a sampling technique using Simple Random Sampling with Stratified Random Sampling. The research instrument uses a questionnaire.

Results: The results showed that the knowledge of pregnant women about antenatal care at the Banyubiru Health Center, Semarang Regency, was included in the sufficient category of 48.6%, with good knowledge of 25.7% and 25.7% with less knowledge.

Conclusion: Based on the results of the study, it can be concluded that the knowledge of pregnant women about the definition of antenatal care is good as much as 77.1%. The majority of pregnant women's knowledge about the purpose of antenatal care is 51.4%. The majority of pregnant women's knowledge about the benefits of antenatal care is 57.1%. The majority of pregnant women's knowledge about antenatal care service standards is 42.9%. The majority of pregnant women's knowledge about antenatal care visits is 80% less.

Keywords: Knowledge, antenatal care