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**HUBUNGAN PENGETAHUAN IBU HAMIL TENTANG ANEMIA
DENGAN KEJADIAN ANEMIA PADA IBU HAMIL DI DESA
TLOGOPUCANG KECAMATAN KANDANGAN TEMANGGUNG**

ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang : Angka Kematian Ibu (AKI) tahun 2020 berdasarkan penyebabnya, sebagian besar kematian ibu disebabkan oleh hipertensi dalam kehamilan sebanyak 1.110 kasus, sebanyak 1.330 kasus terjadi karena perdarahan. Perdarahan dalam kehamilan menjadi salah satu resiko yang terjadi karena anemia. Anemia dalam kehamilan menjadi masalah umum yang terjadi pada wanita di dunia, khususnya di Negara berkembang. Salah satu penyebab yang menyebabkan ibu hamil mengalami anemia adalah kurangnya pengetahuan. Tujuan penelitian ini untuk mengetahui hubungan antara pengetahuan ibu hamil dengan kejadian anemia pada ibu hamil di desa Tlogopucang, Kecamatan Kandangan Temanggung

Metode : Metode penelitian ini yaitu metode kuantitatif. Populasi data penelitian 108 ibu hamil, teknik pengambilan sampel dengan simple random sampling dengan menggunakan rumus slovvin dan diperoleh sampel 52 responden ibu hamil. Analisis data menggunakan Chi- Square Continuity Correction tabel 2x2.

Hasil : Hasil penelitian didapatkan bahwa pengetahuan kurang baik sebanyak 26(50,0%) dan responden yang pengetahuannya baik sebanyak 26 (50,0%). Gambaran kejadian anemia sebanyak 24 (46,2%). Tidak ada hubungan yang signifikan antara pengetahuan ibu hamil tentang anemia dengan kejadian anemia yaitu $p\text{-value} = 0,781 > \alpha = 0,05$.

Simpulan : Tidak ada hubungan yang signifikan antara pengetahuan ibu hamil tentang anemia dengan kejadian anemia di desa Tlogopucang Kecamatan Kandangan Kabupaten Temanggung dengan $p\text{-value} 0,781 > 0,05$

Kata Kunci : Pengetahuan, Anemia, Ibu Hamil

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THE RELATIONSHIP OF PREGNANT WOMEN'S KNOWLEDGE ABOUT ANEMIA WITH THE EVENT OF ANEMIA IN PREGNANT WOMEN IN TLOGOPUCANG VILLAGE, KANDANGAN TEMANGGUNG DISTRICT

ASBTRACT

Background: Maternal Mortality Rate (MMR) in 2020 based on the cause, most of the maternal deaths were caused by hypertension in pregnancy as many as 1,110 cases, as many as 1,330 cases occurred due to bleeding. Bleeding in pregnancy is one of the risks that occurs due to anemia. Anemia in pregnancy is a common problem that occurs in women in the world, especially in developing countries. One of the causes that cause pregnant women to experience anemia is a lack of knowledge. Objective to determine the relationship between knowledge of pregnant women with the incidence of anemia in pregnant women in Tlogopucang village, Kandangan District, Temanggung.

Methods: This type of research is quantitative research. The population in this study were 108 pregnant women, the sampling technique was simple random sampling using the Slovin formula and a sample of 52 respondents was obtained. Data analysis using Chi-Square Continuity Correction table 2x2.

Results: The results of the study found that 26 (50.0%) poor knowledge and 26 (50.0%) respondents with good knowledge. The description of the incidence of anemia was 31 (57.7%). There is no significant relationship between knowledge of pregnant women about anemia with the incidence of anemia, namely $p\text{-value} = 0.779 > = 0.05$.

Conclusion: There is no significant relationship between knowledge of pregnant women about anemia with the incidence of anemia in Tlogopucang Village, Kandangan District, Temanggung Regency.

Keywords: Knowledge, Anemia, Pregnancy