

Universitas Ngudi Waluyo Ungaran
Program Studi S1 Keperawatan
Skripsi, 12 Agustus 2022
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GAMBARAN KEJADIAN IKUTAN PASCA IMUNISASI DPT (DIFTERI, PERTUSIS, TETANUS) PADA ANAK DI WILAYAH KERJA PUSKESMAS WEDARIJAKSA 1 PATI

ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang : Setiap anak berhak atas kelangsungan hidup, bertumbuh dan berkembang. Banyak jenis penyakit yang dapat menyerang anak-anak seperti difteri, pertusis dan tetanus. Oleh sebab itu dibutuhkan upaya preventif dengan cara imunisasi. Imunisasi juga mempunyai gejala ikutan pasca imunisasi.

Tujuan : Mengetahui gambaran kejadian ikutan pasca imunisasi DPT pada anak di wilayah kerja puskesmas Wedarijksa 1 Pati.

Metode : Desain penelitian ini deskriptif dengan pendekatan survey. Populasi dalam penelitian anak-anak usia imunisasi yaitu 97 dengan sampel sebanyak 97 dengan tehnik total sampling. Alat pengumpulan data menggunakan kuesioner. Data di analisis menggunakan SPSS 16,0.

Hasil : Anak-anak yang diberikan imunisasi DPT di wilayah kerja Puskesmas Wedarijksa 1 Pati sebagian besar mengalami KIPI sebanyak 60 anak (61,9%), adapun gejala KIPI yang dialami anak adalah demam, nyeri area suntikan, bengkak area suntikan, nyeri otot, lemas, menangis, mual dan muntah.

Kesimpulan : Sebagian besar anak pasca imunisasi mengalami gejala ikutan pasca imunisasi. Oleh karena sebelum atau sesudah imunisasi dilakukan oleh petugas imunisasi baiknya memberikan pendidikan kepada orang tua tentang imunisasi, efek yang ditimbulkan dan penanganannya.

Kata Kunci : Kejadian ikutan pasca imunisasi, Difteri, Pertusis, Tetanus,
Kepustakaan : 47 (2011-2021)

Ngudi Waluyo University
Nursing S1 Study Program
Final Assignment, January 2022
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**DESCRIPTION OF POST DPT IMMUNIZATION EVENTS
(DIPHtherIA, PERTUSSIS, TETANUS) IN CHILDREN IN THE WORK
AREA OF WEDARIJAKSA 1 PATI PUBLIC HEALTH CENTER**

ABSTRACT

Background: Every child has the right to survive, grow and develop. Many types of diseases that can attack children such as diphtheria, pertussis and tetanus. Therefore, preventive efforts are needed by way of immunization. Immunization also has side effects after immunization.

Objective: The aim of this study to describe the incidence of post-DPT immunization in children in the working area of the Wedarijksa 1 Pati Public Health Center.

Methods: The design of this research is descriptive with a survey approach. The population in the study of children of immunization age was 97 with a sample of 97 with a total sampling technique. The data collection tool uses a questionnaire. The data were analyzed using SPSS 16.0.

Results : Children who were given DPT immunization in the working area of the Wedarijksa 1 Pati Health Center experienced AEFI as many as 60 children (61.9%), while the symptoms of AEFI experienced by children were fever, injection site pain, swelling of the injection area, muscle pain, weakness, crying, nausea and vomiting.

Conclusion : Most of the post-immunized children experienced post-immunization follow-up symptoms. Therefore, before or after immunization is carried out by immunization officers, it is better to provide education to parents about immunization, its effects and handling.

Keywords: Adverse events after immunization, Diphtheria, Pertussis, Tetanus,
References : 47 (2011-2021)