

Universitas Ngudi Waluyo
Program Studi S1 keperawatan, Fakultas Kesehatan
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PERAN ORANG TUA TERHADAP PERILAKU CUCI TANGAN PAKAI SABUN PADA ANAK USIA PRASEKOLAH DESA GUNTUR, KEC. TEMANGGUNG, KAB. TEMANGGUNG-JAWA TENGAH

ABSTRAK

Latar belakang: Salah satu peran orangtua pada anak usia prasekolah adalah kebersihan perorangan (cuci tangan) untuk mencegah penyebaran penyakit infeksi. Penelitian sebelumnya berfokus terhadap edukasi cuci tangan pada anak sekolah, sehingga peneliti tertarik dengan peran orang tua terhadap perilaku cuci tangan pakai sabun karena salah satu pencegahan penyakit infeksi.

Tujuan : Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui hubungan antara peran orangtua terhadap perilaku cuci tangan pakai sabun pada anak usia prasekolah Desa Guntur, Kec. Temanggung, Kab. Temanggung-Jawa Tengah

Metode: Penelitian ini menggunakan desain kuantitatif dengan pendekatan *cross sectional* dengan jumlah sampel 40 responden dengan menggunakan teknik *quota sampling*. Alat yang digunakan adalah kuesioner. Analisis bivariat menggunakan *chi square test*.

Hasil: Hasil penelitian peran orang tua dalam kategori aktif 34 orang (85%), kategori kurang aktif 6 orang (15%), perilaku anak dalam kategori baik 28 orang (70%) dan perilaku CTPS anak dalam kategori kurang baik 12 orang (30%).

Simpulan: Ada hubungan peran orang tua terhadap perilaku cuci tangan pakai sabun pada anak usia prasekolah di Desa Guntur Kecamatan Temanggung Kabupaten Temanggung.

Saran : Diharapkan kepada ibu lebih memperhatikan kesehatan perorangan terutama cuci tangan pakai sabun pada anak

Kata Kunci : peran orang tua, perilaku anak, cuci tangan pakai sabun

Kepustakaan : 19 (2000-2021)

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THE ROLE OF PARENTS ON HAND WASHING BEHAVIOR WITH SOAP IN PRESCHOOL AGE CHILDREN GUNTUR VILLAGE, KEC. TEMANGGUNG, KAB. TEMANGUNG- CENTRAL JAVA

ABSTRACT

Background: One of the roles of parents in preschool children is individual hygiene (hand washing) to prevent the spread of infectious diseases. Previous research has focused on handwashing education for school children, so researchers are interested in the role of parents in washing hands with soap because it is one of the prevention of infectious diseases.

Objective: This study aims to determine the relationship between the role of parents on the behavior of washing hands with soap in preschool-aged children in Guntur Village, Kec. Temanggung, Kab. Temanggung-Central Java

Methods: This study uses a quantitative design with a cross sectional approach with a sampling of 40 respondents using quota sampling technique. The tool used is a questionnaire. Bivariate analysis using chi square test.

Results: The results of the research on the role of parents in the active category were 34 people (85%), less active category 6 people (15%), children's behavior in the good category 28 people (70%) and the CTPS behavior of children in the poor category 12 people (30 %).

Conclusion: There is a relationship between the role of parents on the behavior of washing hands with soap in preschool age children in Guntur Village, Temanggung District, Temanggung Regency.

Suggestion: It is hoped that mothers will pay more attention to individual health, especially washing hands with soap for children

Keywords: the role of parents, children's behavior, washing hands with soap

Literature : 19 (2000-2021)