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ANALISIS KELENGKAPAN RESEP PASIEN ANAK USIA 0-7 TAHUN DI APOTEK KIMIA FARMA UNGARAN

ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang : Kelengkapan resep merupakan hal penting dalam peresepan karena bisa mengurangi adanya *medication error*. *Medication error* pada anak memiliki resiko lebih besar dibanding pasien dewasa karena anak membutuhkan perhitungan dosis berdasarkan usia, berat badan, luas daerah permukaan tubuh dan kondisi penyakitnya. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk menganalisis kelengkapan resep anak usia 0-7 tahun di Apotek Kimia Farma Ungaran periode bulan Januari - Mei 2021.

Metode : Penelitian kuantitatif dengan jenis penelitian retrospektif yang diambil menggunakan teknik total sampling sebanyak 44 resep anak.

Hasil : Hasil penelitian ini diambil dari aspek kelengkapan resep dari bulan Januari-Mei 2021 yaitu identitas dokter meliputi tanda tangan 93,18%, nama 88,64% dan alamat praktek 100%. Tanggal penulisan resep 86,36%. *Superscriptio* yaitu tanda R/ 100%. *Inscriptio* yaitu nama obat 100%, dosis 22,73% dan bentuk sediaan 100%. *Signatura* yaitu petunjuk pemakaian 100%. Identitas pasien meliputi nama 100%, alamat 29,55%, umur 100%, berat badan 18,18%.

Kesimpulan : Kelengkapan resep yang memiliki potensi adanya *medication error* yaitu pada identitas pasien yaitu berat badan pasien 81,82% dan alamat pasien 70,45%. Identitas dokter bagian no. SIP sebesar 31,82%. Tanggal resep sebesar 13,64%.

Kata Kunci : medication error, kelengkapan resep, resep anak.

Kepustakaan : 28 (1985-2021)

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ANALYSIS OF COMPLETENESS OF RECIPES FOR CHILD PATIENTS AGED 0-7 YEARS AT KIMIA FARMA PHARMACY UNGARAN

ABSTRACT

Background : Completeness of prescription is important in prescribing because it can reduce medication errors. Medication errors in children have a greater risk than adult patients because children require dose calculations based on age, weight, body surface area and disease conditions. The purpose of this study was to determine the completeness of prescriptions for children aged 0-7 years at Kimia Farma Ungaran Pharmacy for the period January - May 2021.

Methods : Quantitative research with retrospective research type taken using a total sampling technique of 44 children's prescriptions.

Results : The results of this study were taken from the aspect of completeness of prescriptions from January-May 2021, namely the doctor's identity including doctor's sign is 93.18%, 88.64% is name and 100% is practice address. Prescription date of writing is 86.36%. The superscriptio is R's sign 100%. inscriptio that is 100% drug name, dose is 22.73% and dosage form 100%. Signature instructions for use 100%. Subscriptio is the initials of a doctor. The patient's identity includes 100% name, address 29,55%, age 100%, weight 18,18%.

Conclusion : The completeness of a prescription that has the potential for a medicine error is the doctor's identity section is the patient's identity in the patient's address section is 81,82% and weight is 70,45%. Doctor's license of practice 31.82%. Prescription date by 13.64%.

Keywords : medication error, completeness of prescription, recipes for child
Literature : 28 (1985-2021)