

Universitas Ngudi Waluyo  
Program Studi Farmasi, Fakultas Kesehatan  
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Sri Sudarsih  
050117A102

## **TINGKAT PENGETAHUAN MASYARAKAT TERHADAP PERILAKU HIDUP BERSIH DAN SEHAT (PHBS) DAN PENGETAHUAN TENTANG COVID-19 DI DESA BANYUBIRU**

(xv + 125 halaman + 2 Gambar + 12 Tabel + 12 Lampiran)

### **ABSTRAK**

**Latar Belakang :** *Coronavirus Disease 2019* (Covid-19) adalah penyakit yang disebabkan oleh coronavirus jenis baru yang disebut SARS-CoV-2. Penularan virus corona dapat dicegah dengan cara menerapkan Perilaku Hidup Bersih dan Sehat (PHBS), seperti cuci tangan dengan baik dan benar, etika batuk, serta menjaga kesehatan dan sistem kekebalan tubuh. Organisasi Kesehatan Dunia (WHO) menyatakan bahwa wabah Covid-19 sebagai pandemi.

**Tujuan :** Untuk mengetahui tingkat pengetahuan masyarakat tentang PHBS dan Covid-19 di Desa Banyubiru.

**Metode Penelitian :** Penelitian secara kuantitatif non eksperimental dengan jenis deskriptif analitik dan pendekatan *cross sectional*. Jumlah sampel yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini 300 responden yang memenuhi kriteria inklusi dan eksklusi. Teknik sampling menggunakan *non probability sampling*. Instrumen penelitian berupa kuesioner melalui *google form*. Analisis data menggunakan excel dan SPSS vs.16.

**Hasil Penelitian :** Sebagian besar responden berjenis kelamin perempuan sejumlah 159 responden (53,0%) dan rentang usia 36-45 sejumlah 160 responden (53,3%), pendidikan terbanyak lulusan SMA sejumlah 142 responden (47,3%), dan pekerjaan terbanyak sebagai pegawai swasta sejumlah 126 responden (42,0%). Tingkat pengetahuan terhadap PHBS termasuk dalam kategori baik dengan skor 82,66%. Tingkat pengetahuan terhadap Covid-19 termasuk dalam kategori cukup dengan skor 71,90%.

**Simpulan :** Tingkat pengetahuan masyarakat Desa Banyubiru terhadap PHBS termasuk dalam kategori baik dengan skor 82,66% dan tingkat pengetahuan masyarakat Desa Banyubiru terhadap Covid-19 termasuk dalam kategori cukup dengan skor 71,90%.

**Kata Kunci :** PHBS, Covid-19, Tingkat Pengetahuan

Ngudi Waluyo University  
Pharmacy Study Program, Faculty of Health  
Final Project, February 2021  
Sri Sudarsih  
050117A102

**COMMUNITY KNOWLEDGE LEVEL OF CLEAN AND HEALTHY  
LIFESTYLE BEHAVIORS (PHBS) AND KNOWLEDGE OF COVID-19 IN  
BANYUBIRU VILLAGE**

(xv + 125 pages + 2 pictures + 12 tables + 12 attachments)

**ABSTRACT**

**Background** : *Coronavirus Disease 2019* (Covid-19) is a disease caused by a coronavirus newly called SARS-CoV-2. Corona virus transmission can be prevented by implementing Clean and Healthy Living Behaviors (PHBS), such as washing hands properly, coughing ethics, and maintaining health and the immune system. The World Health Organization (WHO) declared the Covid-19 outbreak a pandemic.

**Objective** : To determine the level of public knowledge about PHBS and Covid-19 in Banyubiru Village.

**Methods** : This is a quantitative non-experimental study with a descriptive analytic type and approach *cross sectional*. The number of samples used in this study was 300 respondents who met the inclusion and exclusion criteria. The sampling technique uses a *non probability sampling*. The research instrument was a questionnaire via *google form*. Data analysis using excel and SPSS vs. 16.

**Results** : Most of the respondents were female with a total of 159 respondents (53.0%) and the age range of 36-45 were 160 respondents (53.3%), most of them were high school graduates with 142 respondents (47.3%), and occupation. most were private employees with 126 respondents (42.0%). The level of knowledge towards PHBS is in the good category with a score of 82.66%. The level of knowledge about Covid-19 is in the moderate category with a score of 71.90%.

**Conclusion** : The level of knowledge of the Banyubiru Village community towards PHBS is in the good category with a score of 82.66% and the level of knowledge of the Banyubiru Village community about Covid-19 is in the enough category with a score of 71.90%.

**Keywords** : PHBS, Covid-19, Knowledge level