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**GAMBARAN PENGETAHUAN IBU HAMIL TENTANG ISI BUKU KIA
DI KLINIK RAMLAH PARJIB KOTA SAMARINDA TAHUN 2020
(vi+ 77 halaman + 16 tabel +2 bagan + 9 lampiran)**

ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang : Jumlah AKI (Angka Kematian Ibu) di Indonesia masih tergolong tinggi jika dibandingkan dengan Negara Asia Tenggara lainnya. Salah Satu Program pemerintah dalam menurunkan AKI yaitu pemberian Buku KIA pada Setiap ibu hamil. Hasil dari studi pendahuluan yang dilakukan di Klinik Ramlah Parjib Kota Samarinda pada 10 ibu hamil didapatkan bahwa 4 responden mengetahui tentang tanda bahaya kehamilan. 4 orang responden lainnya tidak mengetahui tentang pemeriksaan kehamilan secara teratur, dan perawatan kehamilan sehari-hari serta makanan pada ibu hamil, dan 2 responden sama sekali tidak dapat menyebutkan tanda bahaya kehamilan, pemeriksaan kehamilan secara teratur dan perawatan kehamilan sehari-hari serta makanan ibu hamil. Tujuan dari penelitian ini yaitu untuk mengetahui Gambaran Pengetahuan Ibu Hamil tentang isi Buku KIA di Klinik Ramlah Parjib Kota Samarinda Tahun 2020.

Metode : Jenis penelitian Deskriptif kuantitatif dengan rancangan penelitian *Cross Sectional*. Jumlah Populasi 118 dan jumlah sampel 43 responden, menggunakan teknik *accidental sampling* selama \pm seminggu. Instrumen penelitian menggunakan kuesioner, dan analisis data menggunakan Analisis Univariat frekuensi dan persen

Hasil : Hasil penelitian didapatkan pengetahuan Ibu Hamil tentang pemeriksaan kehamilan secara teratur sebagian besar dalam kategori cukup yaitu sebanyak 33 responden (76,7%), Tanda Bahaya Pada Kehamilan sebagian besar dalam kategori baik sebanyak 33 responden (76,7%), Perawatan Sehari-hari Ibu Hamil dan Porsi Makanan Ibu Hamil sebagian besar dalam kategori baik sebanyak 38 responden (88,4%), dan Pengetahuan Ibu Hamil secara umum sebagian besar dalam kategori baik sebanyak 30 responden (69,8) dan cukup sebanyak 13 (30,2%).

Simpulan : Gambaran Pengetahuan Ibu Hamil tentang Isi Buku KIA di Klinik Ramlah Parjib Kota Samarinda sebagian besar dalam kategori baik yaitu sebanyak 30 responden (69,8).

Kata Kunci : Pengetahuan, Buku KIA

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**DESCRIPTION OF PREGNANT WOMEN KNOWLEDGE ABOUT THE
CONTENT OF PREGNANT CLINIC BOOKS OF PARJIB RAMLAH,
SAMARINDA CITY, 2020**

(vi + 77 pages + 16 tables + 2 charts + 9 attachments)

ABSTRACT

Background : The number of MMR (Maternal Mortality Rate) in Indonesia is still high when compared to other Southeast Asian countries. One of The government program in reducing MMR is the provision of the MCH Handbook to every pregnant woman. The results of a preliminary study conducted at the Ramlah Parjib Clinic in Samarinda City on 10 pregnant women found that 4 respondents knew about the danger signs of pregnancy. The other 4 respondents did not know about regular antenatal care, daily pregnancy care and food for pregnant women, and 2 respondents could not mention the danger signs of pregnancy, regular pregnancy checks and daily care for pregnant women as well as food for pregnant women . The purpose of this study was to determine the knowledge of pregnant women about the contents of the MCH Handbook at the Ramlah Parjib Clinic, Samarinda City in 2020.

Method: This type of research is descriptive quantitative with a cross sectional research design. Total population 118 and sample size 43 respondents, using accidental sampling technique during± a week. InThe research structure used a questionnaire, and data analysis used the Univariate Analysis of frequency and percent

Result : The results showed that the knowledge of pregnant women about regular pregnancy checks was mostly in the sufficient category, namely as many as 33 respondents (76.7%), most of the signs of danger in pregnancy were in the good category as many as 33 respondents (76.7%), days for pregnant women and food portions for pregnant women were mostly in the good category as many as 38 respondents (88.4%), and knowledge for pregnant women in general were mostly in the good category as many as 30 respondents (69.8) and enough as many as 13 (30.2 %).

Conclusion : Most of the knowledge of pregnant women about the contents of the MCH Handbook at the Ramlah Parjib Clinic in Samarinda City were mostly in the good category, as many as 30 respondents (69.8).

Keywords : Knowledge, MCH Handbook