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**Gambaran Upaya Pencegahan Penularan Virus COVID-19 Di Desa Blederan
Kecamatan Mojotengah Kabupaten Wonosobo**

ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang : COVID-19 merupakan penyakit infeksi yang disebabkan oleh Coronavirus jenis baru, ditemukan tahun 2019 yang dikenal Sars-Cov 2 (*severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2*). Desa Blederan, pada Oktober 2020 sebanyak 11 orang dinyatakan positif COVID-19. Salah satu upaya untuk menekan COVID-19 dengan melakukan pencegahan penularan virus COVID-19. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui Gambaran Upaya Pencegahan Penularan Virus COVID-19.

Metode: Desain penelitian ini adalah deskriptif kuantitatif dengan menggunakan pendekatan *Cross Sectional*. Sampel penelitian ini berjumlah 329 responden dengan menggunakan *quota sampling*. Variabel dalam penelitian ini adalah pengetahuan COVID-19 dan upaya pencegahan virus COVID-19 yang meliputi, penggunaan masker, penerapan Cuci Tangan Pakai Sabun dan penerapan jaga jarak. Instrument penelitian ini menggunakan kuesioner. Analisis data menggunakan analisis univariat.

Hasil: Hasil analisis univariat didapatkan upaya pencegahan virus COVID-19 berdasarkan perilaku penggunaan masker kategori baik sebanyak 168 orang (51,1%), perilaku Cuci Tangan Pakai Sabun kategori baik sebanyak 175 orang (53,2%) dan perilaku jaga jarak kategori baik sebanyak 214 orang (65,0%).

Simpulan: Pada penelitian ini dapat disimpulkan bahwa responden memiliki perilaku yang baik dalam upaya pencegahan virus COVID-19, dan diharapkan masyarakat selalu meningkatkan pencegahan virus COVID-19.

Kata Kunci : COVID-19, perilaku pencegahan, masyarakat

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**Overview of Efforts to Prevent The Transmission of COVID-19 Virus in
Blederan Village, Mojotengah District, Wonosobo Regency**

ABSTRACT

Background: COVID-19 is an infectious disease caused by a new type of coronavirus, discovered in 2019 known as Sars-Cov 2 (severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2). Blederan Village, in October 2020 as many as 11 people were declared positive for COVID-19. One of the efforts to reduce COVID-19 by preventing the transmission of the COVID-19 virus. The purpose of this study is to find out an overview of efforts to prevent the transmission of the COVID-19 virus.

Method: The design of this research is descriptive quantitative using Cross Sectional approach. The sample of this study amounted to 329 respondents using quota sampling. Variables in this study are knowledge of COVID-19 and COVID-19 virus prevention efforts including, the use of masks, the application of HandWashing Using Soap and the application of distance keeping. This research instrument uses questionnaires. Data analysis using univariate analysis.

Result: The results of the univariate analysis obtained efforts to prevent the COVID-19 virus based on the behavior of the use of masks in good categories as many as 168 people (51.1%), HandWashing behavior Using Soap good category as many as 175 people (53.2%) and good category distance keeping behavior as many as 214 people (65.0%).

Conclusion: In this study it can be concluded that respondents have good behavior in efforts to prevent the COVID-19 virus, and it is expected that the public will always improve the prevention of the COVID-19 virus.

Keywords: COVID-19, Preventive behavior, Community